

PARVATIBAI CHOWGULE COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS),  
MARGAO - GOA  
SYLLABUS FOR PROGRAMME BACHELOR OF ARTS/SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS  
F.Y.B.A/B.Sc. (SEMESTER-I)

**Course Title:** BASIC ALGEBRA

**Course Code:** MAT-I.C-1

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** Introduction to the basic concepts of Algebra which are used in mathematics.

**Learning outcome:** Student will be well equipped with all the concepts which are useful to understand mathematics

- 1) **Sets** **(3 lectures)**  
Notion of Sets- Subsets - Power sets - Equality of sets - Finite and Infinite sets - Set operations - De-Morgan's laws - Cartesian product of sets
- 2) **Relations and Functions** **(10 lectures)**  
Relations - Types of relations - Binary relation - Equivalence relation - Equivalence classes and partitions- Congruence modulo  $n$  – Mappings - One-One and onto mappings - Composition of Mappings - Identity and Inverse mappings - Binary Operations in a set.
- 3) **Logic** **(10 lectures)**  
Logical statements - connectives - truth tables - tautologies
- 4) **Matrices and determinants** **(25 lectures)**  
Equality of matrices- Addition of Matrices- Multiplication of Matrices- Properties of multiplication- Transpose of matrix- Conjugate of a matrix- Determinant of a square matrix- Singular and non-singular matrices- Symmetric and skew symmetric matrices- Hermitian and skew Hermitian matrices- minor and cofactor of an element of a matrix- Ad joint of a square matrix- Inverse of a square matrix- orthogonal and unitary matrices- Elementary Row, Column operations- Elementary matrices- inverse of a matrix using elementary operations- Gaussian Elimination- Linear Equation: system of homogeneous equations- Consistency and solution of a system of linear equations- -inverse of a square matrix using Gaussian Elimination- Rank of a Matrix- Normal Form- Row-Echelon matrix- Row rank and column rank of a matrix
- 5) **Equations** **(12 lectures)**  
Algebraic equations- general properties- Fundamental theorem of Algebra(statement only)- Nature of roots of an equation (surd or complex roots occur in pairs)- Statement of Descartes' rule of signs and applications- relations between roots and co-efficients- transformation of equations- reciprocal equations- algebraic solution of cubic equation-Cardan's method- Multiplicity of roots.

**References:**

1. R.D. Bhatt, Algebraic Structures, Vipul Prakashan
2. C.L.Liu, Discrete Mathematical Structures,
3. Shanti Narayan and P.K.Mittal, A textbook of Matrices, S. Chand and Company
4. H.S. Hall and S.R.Knight, Higher Algebra, AITBS Publishers
5. K.B.Datta, Matrix and Linear Algebra, PHI
6. M. Artin, Algebra, PHI
7. S. Lang, Introduction to Linear Algebra, Second Ed., Springer-Verlag

**Course Title:** BASIC REAL ANALYSIS

**Course Code:** MAT-I.C-2

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Aim:-** To introduce number system with its geometrical properties and axioms of real numbers.

**Course outcome:-** After completion of this course students will be able to

1] relate geometry with real number system.

2] use axioms of real numbers in analysis.

3] draw and recognize graphs of some elementary but important functions.

4] use technical terminology and some basic tools in analysis.

1] Numbers :- Simple Algebraic development from Natural numbers to Real numbers. (5 lectures)

2] Geometry of Real numbers :- Representation of real numbers on a line, Tricotomy Law, Order on  $\mathbb{R}$ , Archimedes property, Hausdorff property, distance concept: absolute value (all inequalities ex. Triangle inequality). Subsets of  $\mathbb{R}$  : bounded-unbounded sets, bounded sets, lub. glb. Completeness axiom, intervals, open-closed intervals, open/closed nbd. of a point, limit points, dense set ( $\mathbb{Q}$  and  $\mathbb{Q}'$  only), concept of infinity, (15 lectures)

3] Functions :- Examples with graphs (  $\log$  ,  $ax, xn$ , trigonometric functions, step function, absolute value function, polynomial / rational functions, signum function.) Inverse function:- How /why to restrict domain/ co-domain (range), graphs of inverses of above functions, Compositions, addition, product of functions. (7 lectures)

4] Sequences:- definition , examples, convergence/ divergence of sequence, types of sequences, Cauchy sequences, Sub sequences, absolute convergence, all theorems, Bolzano Weierstrass theorem. (17 lectures)

5] Series :- Definition, Examples, alternate series, Convergence, Cauchy criteria, absolute convergence, rearrangement of series, All theorems for testing the convergence (absolute and non absolute), (17 lectures)

**References:**

- 1) ,R.G.Bartle and D. Sherbert, Introduction to Real Analysis, Wiley
- 2) Robert Sticartz, The Way of Analysis, Jones and Bartlett Publishers
- 3) T. Apostol, Calculus (volume I), Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 4) S.C. Malik, Savita Arora, Mathematical Analysis, New Age International Publishers
- 5) J.R. Munkres, Topology, Prentice Hall of India

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F.Y.B.A/B.Sc. (SEMESTER-II)

**Course Title:** Coordinate Geometry

**Course code:** MAT-II C3

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Aim:** To learn the different 2 and 3 dimensional geometry, tracing of curves and space curve

**Learning Outcome:** the student will be able to identify and trace the various conic sections, trace curves in Cartesian and polar coordinates

1. Co-ordinate systems: - Cartesian, Polar, Cylindrical and Spherical coordinates systems, Relations between them. **(3 lectures)**

2. Concepts of tangent, normal, line, Plane, Sphere, Cone and Cylinder. Equation of all and forming equation under desired conditions, relationship between them. **(10 lectures)**

3. Central conics: - ellipse, parabola and hyperbola. Their equations, properties and their graphs. **(12 lectures)**

4. General equation of second degree: - General conics, conic sections their equations, properties and their graphs. **(15 lectures)**

5. Change of origin, rotation of axis and translation of axis and its effect on equation of geometrical object. **(5 lectures)**

6. Tracing of curves using concepts of derivatives, concavity-convexity, singular points (double point, cusp, and node), and monotonicity of function, polar co-ordinates, and asymptotes. **(15 lectures)**

**References: -**

- P.K.Jain, Khalil Ahmad- Analytic Geometry of three dimension- 2nd edition –Wiley Eastern Ltd. (1991)
- Loney S.L. - The Elements of Coordinate Geometry (Part I): Cartesian Coordinates – MacMillan
- Shanti Narayan, P.K.Mittal – Differential Calculus – S. Chand Publications.
- Gibson C.G. Elementary Euclidean Geometry: An undergraduate introduction-Cambridge University Press.

**Course Title:** MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS I

**Course Code:** MAT-II.C 4

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Aim:-** To introduce two important families of functions ( continuous and differentiable)

**Course Outcome:-** After completion of this course students will be able to

- 1] use the properties of continuous (differentiable) function to solve problem in real life situation.
- 2] illustrate and reproduce all theorems and properties continuous (differentiable) functions.

**Content:**

Unit 1] Continuous functions:- Limit of a function (Limit at  $\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x$ ), Algebra of limits, continuous functions ( $\epsilon$ - $\delta$  definition), types of discontinuity, sequential continuity, continuous functions on closed and bounded intervals, their properties, All results of continuous function, IVT and bisection method to find root of a continuous functions, uniform continuity, **(25 lectures)**

Unit 2] Differentiable functions :- Definition, properties, theorems, increasing/decreasing functions, Taylor's theorem, Newton's Method, L'Hospital's rules, maxima-minima, MVTs. , convex / concave functions, singular points. (25 lectures)

Unit 3] Use of differentiation in Physics, Economics and other subjects. (10 lectures)

**References:**

1. Malik S.C. and Arora Sarita. *Mathematical Analysis*, Second edition. Wiley Eastern Ltd, 1994.
2. Apostol Tom, *Calculus Vol. I*. Second Edition. Wiley Students Edition, India, 2012.
3. Bartle Robert G. and Sherbert Donald R. *Introduction to Real Analysis*, Third Edition. Wiley Student edition.
4. Narayan Shanti. *Differential Calculus*. S. Chand and Company Pvt. Ltd. 1988.
5. Goldberg Richard R., *Methods of Real Analysis*. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. Indian Edition, 1970.
6. Bhat R.D. *A Textbook of Mathematical Analysis II*. Vipul Prakashan, First Edition.

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**Course Title:** Mathematical Analysis II

**Course Code:** MAT-III.C-5

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Pre Requisites:** - Mathematical Analysis I

**Aim:-** To introduce one more family of functions, Integrable functions.

**Course outcome:-** After completion of this course students will be able to 1] Identify Integrable functions. 2] Classify and evaluate improper integrals. 3] Integrate functions numerically.

**Content:**

1] Riemann integrals:- Tagged partition, Riemann sum, Riemann integrable functions, some simple results on integrable functions using Riemann sum. (10 lectures)

2] Darboux integrals:- Upper/lower sum, integrable function, Riemann criteria of integrable function, classes of integrable functions, (15 lectures)

3] Fundamental theorems of integration and their applications (chain rule, substitution and product rule theorems) (12 lectures)

4] Improper integration ( type I, type II and type III),  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  functions. (8 lectures)

5] Numerical integration – Quadrature Rules, Trapezoidal, Mid-point, Simpson's and Weddle's rules of integration. (15 lectures)

**References:**

1. Malik S.C. and Arora Sarita. *Mathematical Analysis*, Second edition. Wiley Eastern Ltd, 1994.
2. Apostol Tom, *Calculus Vol. I*. Second Edition. Wiley Students Edition, India, 2012.
3. Bartle Robert G. and Sherbert Donald R. *Introduction to Real Analysis*, Third Edition. Wiley Student edition.
4. Narayan Shanti. *Differential Calculus*. S. Chand and Company Pvt. Ltd. 1988.
5. Goldberg Richard R., *Methods of Real Analysis*. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. Indian Edition, 1970.
6. Bhat R.D. *A Textbook of Mathematical Analysis II*. Vipul Prakashan, First Edition.

**Course Title:** ALGEBRA-I

**Course Code:** MAT-III.E-1

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** To introduce basic algebraic structures (Groups Rings and fields).

**Learning Out comes:** the students will have an understanding of group, ring and field structure.

**Prerequisites:** Basic Algebra

**Content**

1) **Groups:** (20 Hours)

Definition and Examples of Groups, Elementary Properties of Groups, finite-infinite groups, Subgroups, definition and examples, Subgroup Tests, Cyclic Groups, Cosets, Properties of Cosets, Lagrange's Theorem and consequences.

2) **Group Homomorphisms:** (20 Hours)

Permutation Groups, Isomorphisms definition and examples, Properties of Isomorphism., Cayley's Theorem, Automorphisms, Homomorphisms, Properties of Homomorphisms, Normal Subgroups, Factor Groups, The Isomorphism theorems.

3) **Rings:** (20 Hours)

Rings Definition and examples, Properties of Rings, Subrings, Integral Domains, Fields, Characteristic of a Ring, Ideals and Factor Rings, Prime Ideals and Maximal Ideals, Ring Homomorphisms, properties and examples, The Field of quotients.

**References:**

- 1) Gallian J, Contemporary Abstract Algebra, Cengage Learning
- 2) Fraleigh J.B., A First Course in Abstract Algebra, Pearson
- 3) Herstein I.N., Topics In Algebra, Wiley

**Course Title:** NUMBER THEORY-I

**Course Code:** MAT-III.E-2

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** To learn about basic concepts in number theory that will help the students.

**Learning outcome:** Students will be able to understand congruence and number theoretic functions.

1. **Divisibility:** (10 lectures)  
Division Algorithm, Greatest Common divisor, Euclidean Algorithm, Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic
2. **Congruence:** (15 lectures)  
Basic properties, Linear Congruence, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Quadratic Congruence.
3. **Fermat's Theorem:** (10 lectures)  
Fermat's and Wilson's Theorem
4. **Number Theoretic Functions:** (15 lectures)  
Sum and number of divisors, Mobius function, Mobius Inversion, greatest integer function, Euler's phi function
5. **Diophantine Equations:** (10 lectures)  
Linear Diophantine equations  $ax+by=c$ , the equation  $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$ , Fermat's Last Theorem.

**References:**

1. Adams & Goldstein, Introduction to Number Theory, Prentice Hall
2. Baker Alan, A concise introduction to the Theory of Numbers, Cambridge University Press
3. Burton David, Elementary Number Theory, 2012, Mc Graw Hill, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.
4. Niven & Zuckerman, An Introduction to the Theory of Numbers, Wiley Publications.
5. Telang S.G. & Nadkarni M.D, Number Theory

**Course Title:** Combinatorics

**Course Code:** MAT-III.E-3

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Pre Requisites:** - Basic set theory, Basic Algebra, Concepts of sequences and Series.

**Aim:** - This paper is introduced to inculcate lateral thinking ability in students, to give them some basic techniques to solve combinatorial problems and make them realize that there may not be readymade solutions to all the problems.

**Learning Outcome:** - Students will be able to tackle some combinatorial problems and also can analyse given problem to find a way to solve it.

**Unit I: - Counting principles** (20Lectures)

Rules of sum and product, Permutation – Combination, Distributions of distinct/ identical objects, Stirling numbers of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> kind Stirling's formula., Pigeon hole Principle

**Unit II: - Generating Functions** (15Lectures)

Generating functions for combinations, Enumerators for permutations, distribution of distinct objects in to identical cells, Partitions of integers, relations. Exponential generating function

**Unit III: - Recurrence Relations** (15Lectures)

Linear recurrence relations with constant coefficients, Characteristic equation method, Solutions by technique of generating function, recurrence relations with two indices.

**Unit IV: - The principle of inclusion and exclusion** (10Lectures)

The general formula, derangements, Permutations with restrictions on relative positions, the rook polynomials, permutations with forbidden positions.

**Text book:** - Liu C.L., Introduction to Combinatorial Mathematics, McGraw-Hill Book Company.

**References:**

1. Berge C, Principles of Combinatorics, Academic Press
2. Brualdi R.A., Introductory Combinatorics, Pearson
3. Chuan-Chong Chen & Khee-Meng Koh, Principles and techniques in Combinatorics, World Scientific Publishing
4. Knuth, Graham, Patashnik, Concrete Mathematics: A Foundation for Computer Science, Addison Wesley
5. Kolman B, Discrete mathematical structures, Pearson Education
6. Liu C.L, Discrete mathematical structures, McGraw-Hill Book Company.
7. Stanley R., Enumerative Combinatorics Volume 1, Springer
8. Tucker Alan, Applied Combinatorics, Wiley Pvt. Ltd.

**Course Title:** NUMERICAL METHODS

**Course Code:** MAT-III.E-4

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** This course covers the basic methods for finding the finite difference, solution of simultaneous equations and the techniques of Numerical Differentiation and Numerical Integration. It also deals with solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations.

**Learning outcome:** The student will be able to solve numerically various equations.

**Module I: Error Analysis** (7 lectures)

Approximate numbers, significant figures, rounding off numbers, Error- Absolute, relative and percentage

**Module II: Finite Differences** (7 lectures)

Operators-  $\Delta$ ,  $\nabla$  and  $E$  (Definitions and some relations among them), finite difference tables, fundamental theorem on differences of a polynomial and examples.

**Module III: Interpolation and Extrapolation** (7 lectures)

Newton Gregory Forward and backward interpolation formulae (with deduction of formulae) and examples (for equal intervals)

For unequal intervals- Lagrange's Formula and Newton's divided difference formula (No proof) and examples

**Module IV: Numerical Integration and differentiation****(11 lectures)**

Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's  $1/3^{\text{rd}}$  and  $3/8^{\text{th}}$  rules (with proof) and problems. Weddle's rule (no proof, only problems)

Numerical differentiation and examples

**Module V: Numerical Solutions of Equations****(7 lectures)**

To find a real root of an algebraic or transcendental equation using Bisection method, regular falsi method, Newton Raphson method with geometrical significance and problems and method of iteration

**Module VI: Curve fitting****(7 lectures)**

Method of least squares- fitting a line, second degree polynomial, exponential curve and examples

**Module VII: Solution of System of Equations****(7 lectures)**

Gauss Elimination, Gauss- Seidal Iteration method, Iteration method

**Module VIII: Solution of Differential Equations****(7 lectures)**

Euler's Method, Runge Kutta Method

**References:**

1. Atkinson K., An Introduction to Numerical Analysis, John Wiley & Sons
2. Chatterji P.N, Numerical Analysis
3. Comte S.D and Carl de Boor, Elementary Numerical analysis - An Algorithmic approach, McGraw Hill
4. Hildebrand F.B, Introduction to Numerical Analysis, McGraw Hill
5. Sastry S.S, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Prentice Hall India
6. Scarborough J.B, Numerical Mathematical Analysis, Oxford and IBH Publishing Company, New Delhi.

**Course Title:** Differential Equations I**Course Code:** MAT-III.SEC-I**Marks:** 100**Credits:** 4**Course Pre Requisites:** - Mathematical Analysis**Aim:** - To introduce some methods of solving ODE of first and higher order, Applications of the same in different fields.**Learning outcome:** - Students can solve ODE with constant coefficients, given a simple situation can make an ODE.**Unit 1:-****(8 lectures)**

Introduction. Some simple situations where we come across ODE, Geometrical Meaning of ODE, Solutions of an ODE. Picard's Existence and Uniqueness theorem.

**Unit 2:-****(15 lectures)**

First order ODE. Variable separable, Homogeneous, Non- Homogeneous, Exact differential equations, integrating factor, linear differential equations, Bernoulli equations.

**Unit 3:-****(17 lectures)**

Second order differential equations, Homogeneous and non-homogeneous differential equations, complementary function, particular integral, Wronskian, Solution space, General solution, complex solutions. Some methods of solving second order differential equations (undetermined coefficients, variation of parameters, using one solution to find other).

**Unit 4:-****(8 lectures)**

Linear differential equations of higher order, simple examples of non-homogenous differential equations.

**Unit 5 :-****(12 lectures)**



Some application of differential equations, LR / LCR circuits, SHM (simple-damped- forced), Equation of Catenaries, Planetary Motions – Kepler's Laws.

**Textbook:** - Simmons G.F., Differential Equations with historical Notes, Tata McGraw Hill

**References**

1. Boyce W.E. & DiPrima R.C., Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Valued Problems, John Wiley Pvt Ltd.
2. Braun C, Differential Equations and Their Applications: An Introduction to Applied Mathematics (Texts in Applied Mathematics), springer.
3. Coddington E., Theory of Ordinary Differential Equations, Tata McGraw Hill
4. Rainville E.D., Elementary Differential Equations, Pearson

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**Course Title:** LINEAR ALGEBRA

**Course Code:** MAT-IV.C-6

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** This course aims to impart emphasis on Vector spaces.

**Learning outcome:** Students will be familiar with Vector Spaces, linear transformations and inner product spaces

**Prerequisites:** Basic Algebra

**Unit 1:** (15 lectures)

Vector space [Definition and examples], subspaces, sum and direct sum of subspaces. Linear span, linear dependence, independence and their properties. Finite dimensional vector Space Basis, dimension of a vector space. Dimension of sum of subspaces. Existence of complementary subspace of a finite dimensional vector space. Quotient space and its dimension.

**Unit 2:** (15 lectures)

Linear transformation, Kernel and Range of a Linear Transformation. Matrix representation of linear transformation, composition of linear maps, change of basis, similar matrices, Rank Nullity theorem.

**Unit 3:** (15 lectures)

Eigen values and Eigen vectors of a linear transformation and matrices. Eigen space, Algebraic and Geometric Multiplicity of an eigenvalue. Diagonalisability of an  $n \times n$  matrix over  $\mathbb{R}$

**Unit 4:** (15 lectures)

Inner products spaces. Cauchy- Schwarz inequality, Triangle inequality, orthogonal vectors, orthogonal complement, orthogonal sets and bases, Gram-Schmidt Process

**References:**

1. Anton H, Elementary Linear Algebra, Wiley Pvt. Ltd.
2. Hoffman K. & Kunze R., Linear Algebra , PHI
3. Kumaresan S., Linear Algebra: A Geometric Approach, PHI
4. Strang G., Linear Algebra and its Applications, Cengage Learning
5. Vasishtha A.R., Linear Algebra, Krishna Prakashan

**Course Title:** ADVANCED ANALYSIS

**Course Code:** MAT-IV-E-5

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Aim:-** To introduce some approximations of continuous/differentiable functions.

**Course outcome :-** After completion of this course students will be able to

- 1] Analyze sequence and series of functions.
- 2] Use some basic techniques to represent continuous functions as polynomials.

**Content:**

- 1] Sequence of functions:- convergence, uniform convergence, interchange theorems. (15)
- 2] Series of functions:- Convergence, uniform convergence, interchange theorems. Power series and their radius of convergence, Cauchy-Hadamard theorem, Differentiation and uniqueness theorem. (15)
- 3] Some special functions.( exponential, logarithmic and trigonometric ) (12)
- 4] Continuity and Gauges,  $\delta$ -fine partition, step function, inverse function theorem, Weierstrass approximation theorem (using Bernstein polynomials), Dini's theorem. (18)

**References:**

1. Bartle R.G, Sherberf D.R, Introduction to Real Analysis (Third Edition), Wiley
2. Berberian S.K., A First Course in Real Analysis, Springer
3. Bhatia R., Fourier Series, Hindustan Book Agency
4. Goldberg R.R, Methods of Real Analysis, Oxford and Ibh
5. Kumaresan S & Kumar A, A Basic Course in Real Analysis, CRC Press
6. Malik S.C. and Arora, Mathematical Analysis, New Age
7. Pugh C.C., Real Mathematical Analysis, Springer
8. Rudin W., Principles of Mathematical Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill
9. Shanti Narayan, P.K.Mittal, A Course of Mathematical Analysis, S Chand
10. Somasundaram, Mathematical Analysis
11. Stein E.M & Shakarchi R., Fourier Analysis: An Introduction, Princeton University Press

**Course Title:** NUMBER THEORY-II

**Course Code:** MAT-VI E-14

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** To learn about Primitive Roots, Quadratic reciprocity and continued fractions

**Learning outcome:** The student will gain knowledge about different concepts in number theory.

**Prerequisites:** Number Theory I

**Unit 1:** Primitive Roots and Indices: - **(15 lectures)**

Review of congruence, Chinese remainder theorem Euler phi theorem and Euler theorem. The order of an integer modulo n, Characterization of positive integers n for which primitive roots mod-n exist, The theory of Indices.( Structure of the group of units of  $\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$  as a product of cyclic groups.)

**Unit 2:** The Quadratic Reciprocity Law **(15 lectures)**

Euler's criterion, Legendre Symbol and its Properties, Quadratic Reciprocity, Quadratic Congruences with Composite moduli

**Unit 3:** Representations of numbers as sums of squares. **(15 lectures)**

Fermat's two squares theorem, Lagrange's four squares theorem, and statement of Waring's problem.

**Unit 4:** Continued Fractions **(15 lectures)**

Finite Continued fractions, Infinite continued fractions, Dirichlet's theorem on approximation of a real number by a rational number, Liouville's theorem.

**References:**

1. D. Burton, Elementary Number Theory, Seventh Edition, Mc Graw Hill
2. Baker, A Concise Introduction to the Theory of Numbers, Cambridge University Press
3. Niven, H.S. Zuckerman and H.L. Montgomery, An Introduction to the Theory of Numbers, Fifth Edition, Wiley India
4. W.W. Adams and L.J. Goldstein, introduction to Number Theory, Prentice Hall
5. S.G. Telang and M.D. Nadkarni, Number Theory

1. Course Title : Operations Research I
2. Course Code : MAT-IV. E -7
3. Marks : 100
4. Credits : 4
5. Duration : 60 hours
6. Prerequisite Courses : None
7. Course Objectives : This course aims to teach linear programming
8. Course Outcomes : Students will be able to solve linear programming problems

Syllabus :

- Unit 1. Linear Programming Problem (5 Hours)  
 Definition of standard form, formulation of LPP, convex set and their properties, extreme points.  
 Graphical solution of LPP (Only two variables).
- Unit 2. Simplex Method: (20 Hours)  
 Theorems related to simplex method .and problems. Cases pertaining to existence of multiple solutions, unbounded and no feasible solution. Big M method and two phase Simplex method
- Unit 3. Duality in LPP: (10 Hours)  
 General Primal-Dual Pair, Formulating Dual problem, Primal-dual pair in matrix Form, Duality theorems, Duality and simplex Method.
- Unit 4. Post Optimal analysis: (10 Hours)  
 Change in Objective function/ constraint/activity coefficients, Structural changes.
- Unit 5. Transportation Problems: (8 Hours)  
 Mathematical formulation, condition for existence of feasible solution, rank of transportation matrix, Initial basic feasible solution by (i) NWC method (ii) Matrix-minima and (iii) VAM, Modi's method to find an optimal solution, balanced and unbalanced transportation problems.
- Unit 6. Assignment Problems: (7 Hours)  
 Mathematical formulation, Hungarian methods to solve assignment problems, balanced & unbalanced assignments problems

References :

1. Kanti Swarup, Gupta P.K, Man Mohan, Operations research, S Chand
2. Loomba, Linear Programming
3. Taha H, Operation Research, Pearson
4. Vajda, Game Theory

**Course Title:** Theory of Probability

**Course Code:** MAT-VI E-15

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** To understand how mathematical tools are applied to develop tools in Statistics and learn to use those tools.

**Learning outcome:** Application of Combinatorics

**Prerequisites:** Statistical methods.

**Unit 1** Revision of Probability theory, Set theory.

**(5 lectures)**

**Unit 2:** Probability as a function from super set of a non-empty set to the interval  $[0, 1]$ . Axioms of Probability. Probability distributions, Discrete and continuous distributions, Probability Mass function, density function, Distribution function, Central tendencies, Expected values, Variance, Standard Deviation, Moments, Moment generating function, characteristic function, conditional expectations and distribution, random vectors and joint probability distributions, functions of random vectors, change of variable.

**(20 lectures)**

**Unit 3:** Uniform, binomial, Poisons, Geometric, Hyper-geometric, Normal, Chi-square, beta, gamma, Students t, F, distributions, their distribution functions, graphs, statistic, relations.

**(25 lectures)**

**Unit 4:** Modes of convergence, Weak and Strong laws of large numbers, Central limit theorem **(10 lectures)**

#### **References:**

1. P. Billingsley, Probability and measure, 2nd edition, John Willy & sons (SEA) Pvt. Ltd. 1995
2. P.G. Hoel, S.C. Port & C.J. Stone, Introduction to Probability, Universal Book Stall, New Delhi, 1998.
3. J.S. Rosenthal, A first look at Rigorous Probability Theory, World Scientific, 2000.
4. M. Woodroffe, Probability with applications, McGraw-Hill Kogakusha Ltd. Tokyo, 1975.

**Course Title:** Differential Equations-II

**Course Code:** MAT-V E10

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** Some more techniques of solving differential equations. Introduction to PDE.

**Learning outcome:** Students enhance their thinking and problem solving abilities.

**Prerequisites:** Ordinary Differential equations.

**Unit 1:** Power Series Solutions of DE

Series solution of first order DE, Series solution of second order Linear DE at ordinary points  
Regular singular points, Gauss Hyper geometric equation, Bessel's function  
Legendre Polynomials

**(20 lectures)**

**Unit 2:** Laplace Transforms

Definition and examples, Derivatives and integrals of Laplace Transforms  
Applications to DE, Convolutions

**(15 lectures)**

**Unit 3:** Systems of first order DE

Homogeneous Linear Systems with Constant coefficients

**(10 lectures)**

**Unit 4:** Boundary value problems, Sturm-Liouville Theorems, linear differential equation of higher order.  
**(15 lectures)**

**References:**

- G.F. Simmons, Differential Equations with Application and Historical Notes, Mc Graw Hill.
- W.E. Boyce and R.C Di Prima, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary value Problems, Ninth Edition, Wiley India
- M. Tenenbaum and H. Pollard, Ordinary Differential Equations, Dover

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**Course Title:** Functions of several variables

**Course Code:** MAT-V C7

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Pre Requisites:** Mathematical Analysis, Co-ordinate geometry.

**Aim:** - To introduce multivariate calculus, i.e. Continuity, Differentiation and Integration of functions of several variables, applications of differentiation and integration.

**Learning outcome:** - Students will be well prepared to understand vector valued functions, can visualize lines, curves and surfaces in  $\mathbf{R}^3$ .

**Unit 1 :-**

**(15 lectures)**

Introduction: - Neighbourhood of a point in  $\mathbf{R}^2$  (in  $\mathbf{R}^n$ ), Open sets in  $\mathbf{R}^2$ , Sequence in  $\mathbf{R}^2$ , limit point of a sequence, Limit of a function, Continuity of a function. Functions from  $\mathbf{R}^2$  to  $\mathbf{R}$ , Examples, and graphs in three dimensions.

**Unit 2:-**

**(15 lectures)**

Directional derivatives, Partial Derivatives, their geometrical meaning, MVT, higher order partial derivatives, Equality of mixed partial derivatives, Taylor's theorem, Applications of partial derivatives, Maxima-Minima, Saddle Point, Lagrange multiplier method,

**Unit 3:- (15 lectures)**

Differentiability of functions of two variables, sufficient condition for Differentiability, Total derivative, chain rule, Jacobian. Implicit and Inverse function theorems.

**Unit 4:- (15 lectures)**

Integration. Line integral, fundamental theorem of Calculus, Double integral on rectangles & bounded regions, change of order, change of variables, calculating volumes and surface areas of simple geometrical objects.

**References:**

- S.R. Ghorpade & B.V. Limaye, A Course in Multivariable Calculus and Analysis, Springer
- S.C. Malik & S. Arora, Mathematical Analysis, Fourth Edition, New Age International
- G.B. Thomas Jr. and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic Geometry, Pearson
- W.H. Fleming, Functions of Several Variables, Springer
- T. Apostol, Calculus Volume II, Wiley India

**Course Title:** Metric Spaces

**Course Code:** MAT-V E-9

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** To introduce different kind of 'Distance' and analysis that follows.

**Learning outcome:** Students will start to understand abstract nature analysis, also will help them to appreciate Euclidian analysis.

**Prerequisites:** Basic Real Analysis.

Unit1] Idea of 'Distance', definition, examples of Metric Spaces. Basic terminologies – neighbourhood of a point, open ball, open set, closed set, interior point, exterior point, limit point, isolated point, cluster point, closure of a set, interior of a set, frontier (boundary) of a set, Dense set, nowhere dense set, bounded set, diameter of a set, distance between the sets, distance of a point from a set and Results involving these concepts.

**(15 lectures)**

Unit2] Equivalence of metrics, geometry with different metrics, Subspace of a metric space, results on subspaces of metric space, sequences in a metric space, convergence of sequences, Cauchy sequence, concepts of complete metric space, completion of a metric space.

**(15 lectures)**

Unit3] Connected subsets of a metric space, Separation of a set, connected components of metric space, Results regarding connectedness of a metric space.

**(10 lectures)**

Unit4] Compact metric space, open cover, finite cover, sequential compactness, one point compactification,

Unit5] Functions on metric space. Continuous functions (maps), equivalent definitions, invariance of compactness, completeness, connectedness of continuous images. Open maps-closed maps and their basic properties.

**(10 lectures)**

**References:-**

1. E.T. Copson, Metric Spaces, Cambridge University Press
2. G.F. Simmons, Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis, Mc Graw Hill
3. S. Shirali and H.L. Vasudeva, Metric Spaces, Springer
4. S. Kumaresan, Topology of Metric Spaces, Narosa

**Course Title:** Graph theory

**Course Code:** MAT-V E-11

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Pre Requisites:** Basic set theory, Principle of counting, Principles of Mathematical Induction

**Course objective:** To introduce the concept of discrete graphs, trees and some of their applications in real world problems.

Unit 1 Graphs (8 Lectures)

The Konigsberg 7 bridges problem and Euler's solution to it.

Definition of graph examples and types of graphs: complete, directed, bipartite, multi graph, etc, degree of a vertex, Adjacency matrix, incidence matrix, operations on graphs: subgraphs, union, intersection and Cartesian product, isomorphisms in graphs, special graphs: self-complimentary graphs, Petersen graphs, Herschel's Graph

Unit 2 Walks paths and cycles (12 Lectures)

Definition of walks, paths and cycle, distance and weighted distance, radius and diameter of a graph, eccentricity of a vertex. Euler walks, Hamiltonian cycles application: travelling salesman problem

Unit 3 Connectivity, cut-points, blocks, connectivity (8 Lectures)

Unit 4 Trees (12 Lectures)

Definition of tree, results on trees, spanning tree, application: minimum spanning trees and Kruskal's algorithm. Breadth First Search Algorithm and its use in the Chinese postman problem. Dijkstra's Algorithm for shortest path.

Unit 5 Coloring (10 Lectures)

Vertex coloring, chromatic number of a graph and simple relation, chromatic polynomial and its properties, edge colorings.

Unit 6 Planarity (10 Lectures)

Representations and crossing number of graphs, Euler's formula, maps and planar graphs. Proof of five color theorem for planar graphs

#### **References:**

1. W.D. Wallis, A Beginners Guide to Graph Theory, Birkhauser
2. Robin J. Wilson Introduction to Graph Theory, Longman Group Ltd.
3. J.A. Bondy, U.S.R Murthy, Graph Theory, Springer
4. D.B. West, Introduction to Graph Theory, second edition, Prentice Hall of India.
5. F Harary, Graph Theory, Narosa
6. V.K. Balakrisnan, Graph Theory (Schaum series), Mc Graw Hill India

**Course Title:** Cryptography

**Course Code:** MAT-IV E-8

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course prerequisites:** Algebra-1 and Number Theory-1

**Course objectives:** - To introduce some applications of algebra and number theory to students.

**Learning Outcome:** - Students will learn some methods which are used in data storage and transfer.

Unit 1: Review of some topics of Number theory and algebra :- (12Lectures)

Divisibility and primes, Prime factorization, Euclidian algorithm, Fermat's little theorem, Congruence and ring of integers.



Groups of compositions, order of permutation, Fields, finite fields, ring of polynomials, factorization of polynomials, to be reviewed.

Unit 2: Classical Cryptosystems. **(8Lectures)**

Affine cryptosystem, Hill cryptosystem, Block Ciphers, Stream Ciphers, Linear feedback shift registers.

Unit 3: Public Key cryptosystem. **(16Lectures)**

One way functions, Trapdoor functions, RSA Public Key cryptosystem, Key exchange protocols, hash functions.

Unit 4: Private Key cryptosystem. **(8Lectures)**

Modern techniques and algorithms like DSE and AES.

Unit 5: Elliptic curve cryptosystem. **(16Lectures)**

Introduction to elliptic curves and its application to factorization and cryptography.

### References:

1. N. Koblitz, a course in Number theory and Cryptography, Springer.
2. J Katze & Y Lindell, Introduction to modern cryptography, Springer.
3. C Paar & J Pelze, Understanding Cryptography: A textbook for students and practitioners, Springer.
4. W Trappe, Introduction to Cryptography with coding theory, Pearson.

**Course Title:** Logic and Boolean algebra.

**Course Code:** MAT- (Sem IV )

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course objective:** To formalize logic and set theory and introduce students to Boolean algebra.

**Course outcome:** At the completion of the course students will be able to

1. Use symbolic logic and illustrate it.
2. Appreciate set theoretical relations and examples.
3. Apply Boolean algebra in some real-life situations.

**Prerequisites:** Basic Algebra

### Content

#### Unit 1: Logic – 15 lectures

1.1 Revision: Statements in logic, symbolic representation, connectives, truth-tables.

1.2 The logic of compound statements: Logical form and logical equivalence, conditional statements, duality law, normal forms, rules of inference, valid and invalid arguments.

1.3 Quantified statements: Predicates and quantified statements, universal quantifiers, existential quantifiers, statements with multiple quantifiers, arguments with quantified statements.

1.4 Study of logic gates: AND, OR, NOT, XOR, XNOR, NAND and NOR gates.

#### Unit 2: Sets – 15 lectures

2.1 Revision: Basic concepts of set theory, finite and infinite sets, set operations, laws of set theory.

2.2 Binary relations, types of relations, equivalence relations, Partial ordering relations, posets, Hasse diagrams, upper bound, lower bound, lub, glb.

#### Unit 3: Lattices & Boolean algebra – 30 lectures

3.1 Lattice as a poset, duality principle for lattices, properties of lattice.

3.2 Sub-lattice, complemented lattice, distributive lattice,

- 3.3 Lattice homomorphisms & isomorphisms, order preserving homomorphisms.
- 3.4 Boolean algebra, its properties, sub-algebra, direct products, homomorphisms, joint-irreducible elements.
- 3.5 Boolean expressions, equivalent boolean expressions, minterm, maxterm, values of boolean expressions, Stone's representation theorem for finite boolean algebra,
- 3.6 Canonical forms: sum-of-products, product-of-sums canonical forms.
- 3.7 Boolean functions and their representations- cube notation, Karnaugh maps, applications.

References:

- 1. Discrete mathematical structures with applications to computer science  
- by J.P. Tremblay, R. Manohar (Principle text)
- 2. Elements of Discrete mathematics – by C. Liu
- 3. Discrete mathematics – (Schaum's outlines) by Seymour Lipschutz, Marc Laras Lipson & Varsha H. Patil.

- 1. Course Title : Operations Research II
- 2. Course Code : MAT-V. E -13
- 3. Marks : 100
- 4. Credits : 4
- 5. Duration : 60 hours
- 6. Prerequisite Courses : Operations Research I
- 7. Course Objectives : This course aims to teach more methods of OR.
- 8. Course Outcomes : Students will be able to use more methods to solve OR problems.

Syllabus :

Unit 1. Game Theory: (15 Hours)

Optimal Solution of Two-Person Zero-Sum Games, Solution of Mixed Strategy Games, Graphical solution of  $2 \times n$  and  $2 \times m$  Games, arithmetic method for  $n \times n$  games, general solution of  $m \times n$  games, Converting Game theory into LPP.

Unit 2. Inventory Control: (15 Hours)

Types, Reasons, Objective and the Factors affecting inventory control, Concept of EOQ, deterministic Inventory problem with/without shortage, Price Breaks, Multi-item deterministic problem. Uncertain demands, one period problem with / without set-up cost.

Unit 3. Queueing Theory: (15 Hours)

Elements of Queueing system, Probability Distribution in queueing system, Classification of queueing system, queueing models, Transient and Steady states, Poisson/ non-Poisson queueing systems, Cost model in queueing.

Unit 4. Simulation: (15 Hours)

Need of simulation, processes of simulation, simulation models, Event type of simulation, generation of random numbers, Monte-Carlo simulation, Simulation of – Inventory/ Queuing/ Maintenance problems. Simulation in investments, budgeting and job sequencing.

References :

1. Kanti Swarup, Gupta P.K, Man Mohan, Operations research, S Chand
2. Loomba, Linear Programming
3. Taha H, Operation Research, Pearson
4. Vajda, Game Theory

PARVATIBAI CHOWGULE COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS),  
MARGAO - GOA  
SYLLABUS FOR PROGRAMME BACHELOR OF ARTS/SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS  
T.Y.B.A/B.Sc. (SEMESTER-V)

**Course Title:** Vector Analysis

**Course Code:** MAT-VI C-8

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** To introduce students to Vector representations of geometrical objects, analysis done on them and their applications in Physics.

**Learning outcome:** Students are introduced to one more representation of geometrical objects and extensions of the fundamental theorem of integral calculus.

**Prerequisites:** functions of several variables.

**Unit 1:** Revision of vectors :- Basic concept such as dot product, cross product, scalar triple product, vector triple product, geometrical understanding of all algebraic operations, orthogonal vectors, vector equations of geometrical objects,  
(10 lectures)

**Unit 2:** Vector valued functions (vector fields), scalar valued functions (scalar fields), concepts of ‘curves’, ‘plane’, ‘surface’ in  $\mathbf{R}^3$  Idea of continuous, smooth and regular objects in  $\mathbf{R}^3$ , Gradient, Divergence and Curl of these functions, Physical interpretations. Irrotational and solenoidal vector fields.  
(20 lectures)

**Unit 3:** Line integral, surface integral and volume integral, (arc length, surface area, and volume of simple objects), Green’s theorem, Stokes theorem, Gauss Theorem and Green’s formulas.  
(20 lectures)

**Unit 4:** Theory of Curves in  $\mathbf{R}^3$ , Unit speed curve, Tangent, Normal, Bi-normal, Curvature, Torsion, Ferret-Serrate formulae, evolutes and involutes. **(10 lectures)**

**References:**

1. H.F. Davis and A.D. Snider, Introduction to Vector Analysis, Sixth Edition, Allyn & Bacon
2. J.E. Marsden and A. Tromba, Vector Calculus, Sixth Edition, W.H. Freeman Publishers
3. E. Kreysig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Tenth Edition, Wiley India
4. M. Spiegel, Vector Analysis: Schaum's Outline Series, Mc Graw Hill

**Course Title:** COMPLEX ANALYSIS

**Course Code:** MAT-VI E-13

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** Introduce students to complex numbers, complex functions and complex differentiation and integration.

**Learning outcome:** The student will know about complex numbers and complex functions.

**Prerequisites:** Basic Real Analysis, Mathematical Analysis, Functions of several Variables

**Unit 1: Complex Numbers**

Algebraic properties of complex numbers, modulus, Argand diagram, exponential form and polar coordinates, triangle inequality and metric properties, connectedness of regions. **(10 lectures)**

**Unit 2: Analytic Functions**

Complex valued functions on complex domain, limits and continuity of complex valued function on a complex domain, differentiability and analytic functions, algebra of analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations, sufficient condition for analyticity, Harmonic Functions. **(10 lectures)**

**Unit 3: Elementary Functions**

Exponential, logarithmic function and its branches, trigonometric functions, hyperbolic functions, complex exponents and roots. **(10 lectures)**

**Unit 4: Contour Integration**

Contours and contour integrals, Cauchy Goursat's theorem, Simply connected domains, Cauchy's integral formula, higher derivatives of analytic functions, Liouville's theorem, fundamental theorem of algebra, maximum modulus principle. **(10 lectures)**

**Unit 5: Series**

Convergence of series, Taylor series, Laurent series. **(10 lectures)**

**Unit 6: Residue Theory**

Singularities of a function, poles and essential singularities, residues at a singular point and its computation, Cauchy residue theorem **(10 lectures)**

**References:**

1. R.V. Churchill and J.W. Brown, Complex variables and Applications, Eight Edition, Mc Graw Hill
2. L. V. Ahlfors, Complex Analysis, Mc Graw Hill
3. A.R. Shastri, Complex Analysis, Laxmi Publications
4. M. Spiegel and S. Lipschutz, Complex Variable: Schaum's Outline Series, Mc Graw Hill
5. J.B. Conway, Functions of a Complex Variable, Narosa
6. S. Ponnusamy, Complex Analysis, Narosa
7. S. Ponnusamy and H. Silverman, Complex variables with Applications, Birkhauser

8. T.W. Gamelin, Complex Analysis, Springer
9. E.M. Stein and R. Shakarchi, Complex Analysis, Princeton Lectures in Analysis

**Course Title:** Algebra II

**Course Code:** MAT- (Sem 6)

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** - To further the knowledge of algebraic structures.

**Learning Out comes:** the students will be able to understand important results and their application of algebraic structures.

**Prerequisites:** Basic Algebra, Algebra I

**Content**

1) **Sylov Theorems** (25 Hours)

Orbit- Stabiliser theorem, Conjugacy classes, The Class equations, The Sylov Theorems and their Applications

3) **Polynomial Rings:** (25 Hours)

Definition, The Division Algorithm and its consequences, factorisation of Polynomials, reducibility and irreducibility tests, Eisenstein criteria, Unique factorization in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ , Irreducible element, Prime element, UFD, PID, ED.

4) **Finite Fields** (10 Hours)

Definition, examples, Classification of finite Fields,  $\mathbb{Z}_p, \mathbb{Z}_{p^n}$ , Special case study when  $p=2$ .

**References:**

- 1) Gallian J, Contemporary Abstract Algebra, Cengage Learning
- 2) Fraleigh J.B., A First Course in Abstract Algebra, Pearson
- 3) Herstein I.N., Topics In Algebra, Wiley

**Course Title:** COMPUTATIONAL LINEAR ALGEBRA

**Course Code:** MAT-IV E-17

**Max Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** To learn about the different computational techniques in linear algebra

**Learning Outcome:** The student will be able to apply the techniques learnt to solve various problems in linear algebra.

**Unit 1:** Review of Gaussian Elimination (8 lectures)

**Unit 2:** Orthogonality (10 lectures)

Orthogonal vectors and subspaces, projections and least squares, QR Factorizations

**Unit 3:** Positive Definite Matrices (20 lectures)

Maxima, minima and saddle points, test for positive definiteness, singular value decompositions, Lagrange multipliers and Rayleigh quotients, finite element method

**Unit 4:** Matrix norm and Condition Number (22 lectures)

**References:**

1. G. Strang, Linear Algebra and its Applications

**Course Title:** Computers for Mathematics

**Course Code:** MAT-VI E-16

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course prerequisites:** Basic knowledge of computers, a basic course in ODE, Numerical analysis. Familiarity with computer programming will be helpful but not compulsory.

**Course objectives:** - To train students to use computers for mathematical typing, computing and plotting. Helping them understand theory using computational methods.

**Learning Outcome:** - Students will be able to use these free packages for writing and drawing mathematical papers. Also can understand some basic aspects of programming.

**Unit 1. Introduction to LaTeX**

**(15 Lectures)**

Mathematical typing in MS Word 07/13

Shortcomings of Word, need of some other package of writing.

Document Editing using LaTeX: - Text formatting, Paragraph formatting

Fonts and colours, special characters, Tables, Page layout, importing graphics, footnotes, referencing

Beamer Presentations

**Unit 2. Mathematical typesetting in LaTeX**

**(10 Lectures)**

Mathematical environments and packages

Symbols, Greek letters and operators, Powers and indices, fractions, Roots, Sums, integrals and derivatives, Brackets, Matrices

**Unit 3. Python** Some basics of programming, algorithms, flowcharts, syntax, do's and don'ts, Python programming.

**(15 lectures)**

**Unit 4. Scilab/ Matlab**

**(5 Lectures)**

Introduction to Scilab, familiarizing with the Scilab, Scilab syntax, Variables, functions, plotting graphs

**Unit 5. Geogebra**

**(3 lectures)**

**Unit 6. Numerical methods using Scilab/ Python**

**(12 Lectures)**

Finding roots of algebraic and transcendental equations, Interpolation, Numerical integration and differentiation, fitting of data, Numerical ODE, Solutions of simultaneous equations

**References:**

1. M. Alley, the Craft of Scientific Presentations, Springer (2003).
2. W.C. Booth, G.G. Colomb, and J.M. Williams, The Craft of Research (Chicago Guides to Writing, Editing, and Publishing) Univ. of Chicago Press, 2008.
3. George Graetzer, Math into LaTeX, An introduction to LaTeX and AMS-LaTeX, Birkhauser, 1996.
4. Donald E. Knuth; Tracy E Larrabee, Paul M. Roberts: Mathematical writing, Mathematical Association of America, 1989.
5. S. Krantz: A Primer of Mathematical Writing: Being a Disquisition on Having Your Ideas Recorded, Typeset, Published, Read & Appreciated, American Mathematical Society, 1996.
6. S. Krantz: How to Teach Mathematics, American Mathematical Society, 1999.
7. Leslie Lamport: LaTeX, a document preparing system, Addison-Wesley, 1994.
8. Jr. Strunk, William; E. B. White, The Elements of Style, Fourth Edition, Longman; 4th edition (1999).

**Course Title:** PEDAGOGY OF MATHEMATICS

**Course Code:** MAT-V E-12

**Marks:** 100

**Credits:** 4

**Course Objectives:** To make the students aware of the different methods used for the teaching of mathematics.

**Learning outcome:** Students will be able to teach mathematics to school level children better.

**Unit 1: Meaning and History of Mathematics** (10 lectures)

Meaning of Mathematics

Branches of Mathematics

Historical Development of Mathematics

**Unit 2: Methodology of Teaching Methods** (40 lectures)

Inductive - Deductive

Analytic- Synthetic

Heuristic/ Discovery

Project Method

Open Ended Approach

Investigative Approach

Problem Solving

Concept Attainment Model

(With applications in different topics in School level Mathematics syllabus)

**Unit 3: Techniques of Teaching** (8 lectures)

Assignments

Drill work

Remedial teaching

Accelerated teaching

**Unit 4: Qualities of a good Mathematics Teacher** (2 lectures)

**References:**

1. E.T Bell, Men of Mathematics, Touchstone
2. M. Ediger, Essays on teaching mathematics, Discovery Publishing Pvt.Ltd
3. R.G. Goel, Teaching of Mathematics, Lotus Press
4. A. James., Methods of teaching Mathematics, Neelkamal
5. Kline Morris, Mathematical Thought From Ancient to Modern Times, Oxford University Press
6. S. Krantz, How to teach Mathematics, American Mathematical Society
7. G. Polya, How to Solve It, Penguin UK
8. Sidhu Kulbir Singh., Teaching of Mathematics, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd
9. J. Stillwell, Mathematics and its History, Springer
10. P.P Zubair., Teaching of Mathematics, Aph Publishing